HOUSE BILL No. 1120

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-3-7-5; IC 6-8.1-9-14; IC 22-1-1-16; IC 22-2-15; IC 22-3-5; IC 22-4.1-4-5; IC 34-11-2-13; IC 36-1-12-1.

Synopsis: Employee defined classification. Provides that an individual performing services for a contractor or subcontractor on a construction project is considered to be an employee of the contractor or subcontractor, with certain exceptions. Provides for investigations of the employment relationship between an individual and a contractor or subcontractor by the department of labor, for certain procedures to be followed in investigations, and for various civil penalties to be assessed by the department of labor for the failure to properly classify individuals as employees. Provides that certain information pertaining to employee classification shared among certain state agencies is confidential. Prohibits the awarding of contracts for certain public work projects to a contractor or subcontractor for four years after the contractor or subcontractor is found to have committed certain recurring improper classifications.

Effective: July 1, 2010.

Niezgodski

 $\ \, \text{January 5, 2010, read first time and referred to Committee on Labor and Employment.}$





Second Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2010)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2009 Regular and Special Sessions of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1120

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor and safety.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- SECTION 1. IC 6-3-7-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this section, "independent contractor" refers to a person described in IC 22-3-6-1(b)(7) or IC 22-3-7-9(b)(5).
- (b) As used in this section, "person" means an individual, a proprietorship, a partnership, a joint venture, a firm, an association, a corporation, or other legal entity.
 - (c) An independent contractor who does not make an election under:
 - (1) IC 22-3-6-1(b)(4) or IC 22-3-6-1(b)(5) is not subject to the compensation provisions of IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6; or
 - (2) IC 22-3-7-9(b)(2) or IC 22-3-7-9(b)(3) is not subject to the compensation provisions of IC 22-3-7;
- and must file a statement with the department with supporting documentation of independent contractor status and obtain a certificate of exemption under this section.
- (d) An independent contractor shall file with the department, in the form prescribed by the department, a statement providing the following



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1	information:
2	(1) The independent contractor's name, trade name, address, and
3	telephone number.
4	(2) The independent contractor's federal identification number or
5	Social Security number.
6	(3) The name and:
7	(A) Social Security number;
8	(B) federal employer identification number (FEIN); or
9	(C) taxpayer identification number (TIN);
10	of each person or entity with whom the independent contractor
11	has contracted.
12	(e) Along with the statement required in subsection (d), an
13	independent contractor shall file annually with the department
14	documentation in support of independent contractor status before being
15	granted a certificate of exemption. The independent contractor must
16	obtain clearance from the department of state revenue before issuance
17	of the certificate.
18	(f) An independent contractor shall pay a filing fee of five
19	twenty-five dollars (\$5) (\$25) with the statement required in
20	subsection (d). The fees collected under this subsection shall be
21	deposited into a special account in the state general fund known as the
22	independent contractor information account. Money in the independent
23	contractor information account is annually appropriated to the
24	department for its use in carrying out the purposes of this section.
25	(g) The department shall keep each statement and supporting
26	documentation received under this section on file and on request may
27	verify that a certificate of exemption is on file.
28	(h) The certificate of exemption required by this section must be on
29	a form prescribed and provided by the department. A certificate issued
30	under this section is valid for one (1) year. The department shall
31	maintain the original certificate on file.
32	(i) A certificate of exemption must certify the following
33	information:
34	(1) That the independent contractor has worker's compensation
35	coverage for the independent contractor's employees in
36	accordance with IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-7.
37	(2) That the independent contractor desires to be exempt from
38	being able to recover under the worker's compensation policy or
39	self-insurance of a person for whom the independent contractor
40	will perform work only as an independent contractor.

(j) The department shall provide the certificate of exemption to the person requesting it not less than seven (7) business days after



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verifying the accuracy of the supporting documentation. To be given effect, a certificate of exemption must be filed with the worker's compensation board of Indiana in accordance with IC 22-3-2-14.5(f) and IC 22-3-7-34.5(g).

- (k) Not more than thirty (30) days after the department receives an independent contractor's statement and supporting documentation and issues a certificate of exemption, the department shall provide the independent contractor with an explanation of the department's tax treatment of independent contractors and the duty of the independent contractor to remit any taxes owed.
- (1) The information received from an independent contractor's statement and supporting documentation is to be treated as confidential by the department and is to be used solely for the purposes of this section.
- (m) A contractor who knowingly or intentionally causes or assists employees, including temporary employees, to file a false statement and supporting documentation of independent contractor status commits a Class D felony.
- (m) If the department determines during an investigation that a contractor or subcontractor improperly has classified an employee as an independent contractor on a construction project, the contractor or subcontractor may conform to the departmental decision by properly classifying the employee found to be misclassified as an independent contractor within seven (7) business days after notification of the determination by the department, making all necessary payments on behalf of the employee, and no fee or penalty is due. In addition, the department shall revoke the certificate of exemption provided under subsection (j) to the employee who has not been properly classified. The filing fee paid under subsection (f) shall not be returned to the individual who had claimed to be an independent contractor.
- (n) A contractor or subcontractor who continues to improperly classify an employee as an independent contractor on a construction project more than seven (7) business days after notification by the department of the determination of the misclassification under subsection (m) is subject to a civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) per employee, to be paid to the department. The penalties collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the special account in the state general fund established under subsection (f) and known as the independent contractor information account. IC 6-8.1-3-12 applies to the investigation and IC 6-8.1-5-1 applies to the assessment of tax due









concerning the determination of the failure to properly classify an employee under this section.

- (o) If a contractor or a subcontractor claims to have conformed to the department's decision under subsection (m), and upon further investigation the contractor or subcontractor is found to have continued the improper classification or has not remedied fully the violation, the contractor or subcontractor is subject immediately to double the civil penalty under subsection (n) per employee who has been improperly classified.
- (p) An independent contractor who fails to file a statement as required by subsection (d) shall be assessed a civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) by the department. A civil penalty assessed and paid under this subsection shall be deposited into the special account in the state general fund established under subsection (f) and known as the independent contractor information account.

SECTION 2. IC 6-8.1-9-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2007, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as provided in subsection (n), the department shall establish, administer, and make available a centralized debt collection program for use by state agencies to collect delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, **civil penalties assessed by agencies**, or other indebtedness owed to or being collected by state agencies. The department's collection facilities shall be available for use by other state agencies only when resources are available to the department.

- (b) The commissioner shall prescribe the appropriate form and manner in which collection information is to be submitted to the department.
- (c) The debt must be delinquent and not subject to litigation, claim, appeal, or review under the appropriate remedies of a state agency.
- (d) The department has the authority to collect for the state or claimant agency (as defined in IC 6-8.1-9.5-1) delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness due the state or claimant agency that has a formal agreement with the department for central debt collection.
- (e) The formal agreement must provide that the information provided to the department be sufficient to establish the obligation in court and to render the agreement as a legal judgment on behalf of the state. After transferring a file for collection to the department for collection, the claimant agency shall terminate all collection procedures and be available to provide assistance to the department. Upon receipt of a file for collection, the department shall comply with all applicable



2.2.









1	state and federal laws governing collection of the debt.
2	(f) The department may use a claimant agency's statutory authority
3	to collect the claimant agency's delinquent accounts, charges, fees,
4	loans, taxes, or other indebtedness owed to the claimant agency.
5	(g) The department's right to credit against taxes due may not be
6	impaired by any right granted the department or other state agency
7	under this section.
8	(h) The department of state revenue may charge the claimant agency
9	a fee not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of any funds the department
10	collects for a claimant agency. Notwithstanding any law concerning
11	delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness,
12	the fifteen percent (15%) fee shall be added to the amount due to the
13	state or claimant agency when the collection is made.
14	(i) Fees collected under subsection (h) shall be retained by the
15	department after the debt is collected for the claimant agency and are
16	appropriated to the department for use by the department in
17	administering this section.
18	(j) The department shall transfer any funds collected from a debtor
19	to the claimant agency within thirty (30) days after the end of the
20	month in which the funds were collected.
21	(k) When a claimant agency requests collection by the department,
22	the claimant agency shall provide the department with:
23	(1) the full name;
24	(2) the Social Security number or federal identification number,
25	or both;
26	(3) the last known mailing address; and
27	(4) additional information that the department may request;
28	concerning the debtor.
29	(1) The department shall establish a minimum amount that the
30	department will attempt to collect for the claimant agency.
31	(m) The commissioner shall report, not later than March 1 for the
32	previous calendar year, to the governor, the budget director, and the
33	legislative council concerning the implementation of the centralized
34	debt collection program, the number of debts, the dollar amounts of
35	debts collected, and an estimate of the future costs and benefits that
36	may be associated with the collection program. A report to the
37	legislative council under this subsection must be in an electronic
38	format under IC 5-14-6.
39	(n) The department may not assess a fee to a state agency or a
40	custodial parent for seeking a setoff to a state or federal income tax
41	refund for past due child support.
42	SECTION 3. IC 22-1-1-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 16. The commissioner
of labor and his an authorized representative of the commissioner of
labor shall have the power and the authority to enter any place of
employment for the purpose of collecting facts and statistics relating to
the employment of workers and of making inspections for the proper
enforcement of all of the labor laws of this state, including IC 5-16-7
and IC 22-2-15. No employer or owner shall refuse to admit the
commissioner of labor or his authorized representatives of the
commissioner of labor to his the employer's or owner's place of
employment.
SECTION 4. IC 22-2-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
1, 2010]:

Chapter 15. Employee Defined Classification Act

- Sec. 1. This chapter applies after December 31, 2010.
- Sec. 2. This chapter is intended to address the proper classification of employees and independent contractors.
 - Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "agent of the contractor" means:
 - (1) an individual having management authority or enforcement powers with respect to a practice or policy of the contractor regarding the classification of an employee of the contractor;
 - (2) a corporate officer of the contractor; or
 - (3) a member of the board of directors of the contractor.
- Sec. 4. (a) As used in this chapter, "board" refers to the worker's compensation board of Indiana created by IC 22-3-1-1(a).
- (b) The term includes the board, the secretary of the board, employees of the board, and agents authorized by the board to act on behalf of the board.
- Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "construction" means any constructing, altering, reconstructing, repairing, rehabilitating, refinishing, refurbishing, remodeling, remediating, renovating, custom fabricating, maintaining, landscaping, improving, wrecking, painting, decorating, demolishing, and adding to or subtracting from any building, structure, airport facility, highway, roadway, street, bridge, alley, sewer, drain, ditch, sewage disposal plant, waterworks, parking facility, railroad, excavation, or other project, development, real property or improvement, or doing any part of these actions.
- (b) For purposes of subsection (a), it is immaterial whether or not the performance of the work described involves the addition of any material or article of merchandise to, or fabrication into, a



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structure, project, development, real property, or improvement
described in this section.
(c) The term defined in subsection (a) includes moving
construction related materials to or from the job site.
Sec. 6. (a) As used in this chapter, "contractor" means any sole
proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation, limited liability
company, association, or other legal entity that engages in
construction authorized by law to do business within Indiana.
(b) The term includes a general contractor, a subcontractor, and
a lower tiered contractor.
(c) The term does not include the state, the federal government,
or a political subdivision.
Sec. 7. (a) As used in this chapter, "department" refers to the
department of labor created by IC 22-1-1-1.
(b) The term includes the commissioner, employees of the
department of labor, and agents authorized by the commissioner
to act on behalf of the department of labor.
Sec. 8. (a) As used in this chapter, "department of revenue"
refers to the department of state revenue established by
IC 6-8.1-2-1.
(b) The term includes the commissioner, employees of the
department of revenue, and agents authorized by the commissioner
to act on behalf of the department of revenue.
Sec. 9. (a) As used in this chapter, "department of workforce
development" refers to the department of workforce development
established by IC 22-4.1-2-1.
(b) The term includes the commissioner, employees of the
department of workforce development, and agents authorized by
the commissioner to act on behalf of the department of workforce
development.
Sec. 10. (a) As used in this chapter, "interested party" means a
person with an interest in compliance with this chapter, including
the state or a political subdivision.
(b) This section does not require that a person be aggrieved in
order to be considered an interested party.
Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "performing services" means
performing construction services.
Sec. 12. As used in this chapter, "political subdivision" has the
meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-13.
Sec. 13. As used in this chapter, "subcontractor" has the
meaning set forth in IC 36-1-12-1.2(3).
Sec. 14. An individual performing services for a contractor is



1	considered to be an employee of the contractor unless:	
2	(1) the:	
3	(A) individual has been and will continue to be free from	
4	control or direction over the performance of the service for	
5	the contractor, both under the individual's contract of	
6	service and in fact; and	
7	(B) individual is engaged in an independently established	
8	trade, occupation, profession, or business;	
9	(2) the individual is determined to be a legitimate sole	
10	proprietor or partnership because:	
11	(A) the sole proprietor or partnership is performing the	
12	service without substantial direction and control as to the	
13	means and manner of providing the services, subject only	
14	to the right of the contractor, for whom the service is	
15	provided, to specify the desired result;	
16	(B) the sole proprietor or partnership has a substantial	
17	investment of capital in the sole proprietorship;	
18	(C) the sole proprietor or partnership owns the capital	
19	goods, gains the profits, and bears the losses of the sole	
20	proprietorship or partnership;	
21	(D) the sole proprietor or partnership makes its services	
22	available to the general public or the business community	
23	on a continuing basis;	
24	(E) the sole proprietor or partnership includes services	
25	rendered on a federal income tax schedule as an	
26	independent business or profession;	
27	(F) the sole proprietor or partnership performs services	
28	for the contractor under the sole proprietor's or	V
29	partnership's name and the contractor pays the sole	
30	proprietor or partnership a flat fee or other agreed	
31	amount of compensation that is not based on an established	
32	rate for any time period of work;	
33	(G) the sole proprietor or partnership obtains and pays for	
34	the license or permit in the sole proprietor's or	
35	partnership's name when the services being provided	
36	require a license or permit;	
37	(H) the sole proprietor or partnership furnishes the tools	
38	and equipment necessary to provide the service;	
39	(I) if necessary, the sole proprietor or partnership hires its	
40	own employees, pays the employees without	
41	reimbursement from the contractor, and reports the	
42	employees' income to the Internal Revenue Service;	



1	(J) the contractor does not:
2	(i) represent the sole proprietor or partnership as an
3	employee of the contractor to its customers; or
4	(ii) reimburse the sole proprietor or partnership for its
5	business expenses;
6	(K) the sole proprietor or partnership has the right to
7	choose to perform similar services for others; and
8	(L) the sole proprietorship or partnership has a written
9	agreement with the contractor describing the intended
0	business relationship; or
1	(3) the individual is an owner-operator that provides a motor
2	vehicle and the services of a driver under a written contract
.3	that is subject to IC 8-2.1-24-23, 45 IAC 16-1-13, or 49 CFR
4	376, to a motor carrier.
5	Sec. 15. (a) It is a violation of this chapter for a contractor, an
6	agent of a contractor, or a subcontractor to classify an individual
7	as an independent contractor unless the relationship between the
8	individual and the contractor or subcontractor is excluded under
9	section 14 of this chapter.
20	(b) A contractor is jointly liable under this chapter for the
21	failure of a subcontractor or a lower tiered subcontractor to
22	properly classify persons performing services as employees.
23	Sec. 16. (a) A contractor or subcontractor shall maintain
24	records for a period as required in IC 6-3-6-10 and IC 6-8.1-5-4 for
25	an individual performing services for the contractor or
26	subcontractor, regardless whether the individual is classified as:
27	(1) an employee;
28	(2) an independent contractor;
29	(3) a sole proprietor; or
0	(4) a partnership.
31	(b) Records to be maintained by the contractor or subcontractor
32	must include all documents related to, or tending to establish the
33	nature of, the relationship between the contractor or subcontractor
4	and an individual performing services for the contractor or
55	subcontractor. Records that must be maintained under this section
66	for an individual performing services for the contractor or
57	subcontractor include, but are not limited to:
8	(1) the:
19	(A) name;
10	(B) address;
1	(C) phone number; and
12	(D) Social Security number, individual taxpayer



1	identification number, or federal tax identification	
2	number;	
3	(2) the type of work performed and the total number of days	
4	and hours worked;	
5	(3) the method, frequency, and basis on which wages were	
6	paid or payments were made;	
7	(4) all invoices, billing statements, or other payment records,	
8	including the dates of payments, and any miscellaneous	
9	income paid or deductions made;	
10	(5) copies of all contracts with the individual, agreements with	
11	the individual, applications for employment by the individual	
12	with the contractor or subcontractor, and policy or	
13	employment manuals of the employer for the period that the	
14	individual performed services for the contractor or	
15	subcontractor; and	
16	(6) any federal and state tax documents or other information	
17	the department considers relevant or necessary.	
18	Sec. 17. (a) An interested party may file a complaint with the	
19	department against a contractor or a subcontractor if the	
20	interested party has a reasonable belief that the contractor or	
21	subcontractor is in violation of this chapter. The department may	
22	not investigate a complaint for a violation alleged to have occurred	
23	before January 1, 2011.	
24	(b) Upon receiving a complaint under subsection (a), the	
25	department immediately shall commence an investigation to	
26	ascertain the facts relating to the violation alleged in the complaint	
27	and determine whether a violation under this chapter has	
28	occurred. The investigation may be made by written or oral	
29	inquiry, field visit, conference, or any method or combination of	
30	methods the department considers suitable. The department:	
31	(1) shall conduct investigations, including random inspections,	
32	in connection with the administration and enforcement of this	
33	chapter;	
34	(2) shall enforce this chapter; and	
35	(3) may hire investigators and other personnel necessary to	
36	carry out the purpose of this chapter.	
37	(c) The department has authority to visit and inspect, at all	
38	reasonable times, a worksite subject to the provisions of this	
39 40	chapter and has authority to inspect, at all reasonable times, documents related to the determination of whether an individual	
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41	is an independent contractor under section 14 of this chapter.	



(d) The department may:

1	(1) compel, by subpoena, the attendance and testimony of
2	witnesses and the production of books, payrolls, records,
3	papers, and other evidence in an investigation; and
4	(2) administer oaths to witnesses.
5	Sec. 18. (a) The department, the department of workforce
6	development, the department of revenue, and the board shall
7	cooperate under this chapter by sharing information concerning
8	suspected failure to properly classify an independent contractor as
9	an employee by a contractor, an agent of a contractor, or a
0	subcontractor.
1	(b) Before January 1, 2011, the department, the department of
2	workforce development, the department of revenue, and the board
3	shall develop a joint computer system in order to share
4	information. For purposes of IC 5-14-3-4, information exchanged
5	under this section is confidential.
6	Sec. 19. (a) Whenever the department determines, after
7	investigation, that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the
8	department shall issue and cause to be served on the contractor or
9	the subcontractor, by posting at the site in a location visible to the
20	workers, if construction is still occurring, an order to cease and
2.1	desist from further violation of this chapter. If construction has
22	ceased, the notice shall be sent by first class mail to the business
23	address of the contractor as shown in the records of the secretary
24	of state. If a subcontractor has committed the violation, the
2.5	department shall notify the contractor either at the job site or by
26	first class mail sent to the business address of the contractor as
27	shown in the records of the secretary of state, and to the
28	subcontractor, either at the job site or by first class mail sent to the
29	business address of the subcontractor as shown in the records of
0	the secretary of state. An order issued under this section is a
31	matter of public record.
32	(b) Upon determining that a contractor, an agent of a
3	contractor, or a subcontractor has classified an employee as an
4	independent contractor in violation of this chapter, the department
55	shall notify:
66	(1) the department of workforce development, which shall
37	investigate the contractor's compliance with laws under
8	IC 22-4 and IC 22-4.1;
9	(2) the department of revenue, which shall investigate the
10	contractor's compliance with laws under IC 6; and
1	(3) the board, which shall investigate the contractor's
12	compliance with laws under IC 22-3.



The department of workforce development, the department of revenue, and the board have the option to join in the investigation with the department or to commence a separate investigation.

Sec. 20. (a) Seven (7) business days after the department serves a cease and desist order upon a violator under section 19 of this chapter, if services are continuing to be performed, the investigating department shall return to the job site and continue investigation of the classification of employees. If the department concludes that the improper classification of employees is continuing, the department shall impose a civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) per improperly classified employee against the contractor, and at the discretion of the department also on the contractor if a subcontractor has committed the violation. The civil penalty shall be deposited in the employee classification fund established by section 23 of this chapter. A civil penalty imposed under this section is a matter of public record.

- (b) Fifteen (15) days after the investigating department has made an investigation at a job site under subsection (a), if services are continuing to be performed, the department shall return to the job site and continue the investigation of the proper classification of employees. If the department concludes that improper classification of employees is continuing to occur, the department shall impose a civil penalty of:
 - (1) one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per improperly classified employee against the contractor or against both the contractor and the subcontractor, if the subcontractor has committed the violation, in cases in which the contractor or subcontractor has employed five (5) or fewer improperly classified employees;
 - (2) two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per improperly classified employee against the contractor or against both the contractor and the subcontractor, if the subcontractor has committed the violation, in cases in which the contractor or subcontractor has employed six (6) to ten (10) improperly classified employees; and
 - (3) five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per improperly classified employee against the contractor or against both the subcontractor and contractor, if the subcontractor has committed the violation, in cases in which the contractor or subcontractor has employed more than ten (10) improperly classified employees.

The civil penalty shall be deposited in the employee classification











fund established by section 23 of this chapter. A civil penalty imposed under this section is a matter of public record.

Sec. 21. At the time of the imposition of the civil penalty under section 20(a) and 20(b) of this chapter, the department shall inform the contractor by written notice, sent by first class mail to the business address of the contractor as shown in the records of the secretary of state, that a further investigation by the department will be made thirty (30) business days after the initiation of the investigation. The notice also must inform the contractor that if further investigation reveals the continuing failure to properly classify employees, the department will take the action set forth in section 25(b) of this chapter, which will deny the contractor a contract for a public work project (as defined in IC 36-1-12-2), a state public works project under IC 4-13.6, or an Indiana department of transportation public works project under IC 8-23 for four (4) years after the posting of the name of the contractor on a list kept by the department and posted on the department's Internet web site.

Sec. 22. (a) A contractor, an agent of a contractor, or a subcontractor that receives:

- (1) a cease and desist order;
- (2) a civil penalty assessment; or
- (3) both an order under subdivision (1) and a civil penalty under subdivision (2);

from the department may seek a hearing on the determination by filing a written petition for review with the department within ten (10) business days after receipt of the determination and in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3-2. The petition for review must contain a statement of the basis for contesting the determination of the department. The department shall mail a copy of the petition for review to the complainant and to any interested party designated on the complaint. The contractor or subcontractor shall post a copy of the petition for review contemporaneously with the filing of the petition at or near the place where the alleged violation occurred or, if the contractor or subcontractor is no longer performing services at the place where the alleged violation occurred, at the contractor's or subcontractor's principal place of business in a conspicuous place where labor notices regularly are posted. Further, the contractor or subcontractor, when filing the petition, shall post a bond in an amount sufficient to pay wages, salary, employment benefits, or other compensation lost or denied to the individual as determined by the department and civil

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1	penalties assessed by the department. If the contractor, agent of the
2	contractor, or subcontractor does not file a petition for review and
3	post a bond within the ten (10) business day period, the
4	department's determination is final.
5	(b) If the contractor, agent of the contractor, or subcontractor
6	files a petition for review of an action under section 25(b) of this
7	chapter within ten (10) business days after notification of the
8	proposed action by the department, the commissioner shall set a
9	hearing on the proposed action. The hearing must take place not
10	more than forty-five (45) calendar days after the receipt of the
11	request for the hearing by the department. The hearing must be
12	held in accordance with IC 4-21.5.
13	Sec. 23. (a) The employee classification fund is established to
14	provide funds for:
15	(1) administering this chapter;
16	(2) investigating contractors, agents of contractors, and
17	subcontractors;
18	(3) determining whether there is proof to substantiate
19	allegations of failure to properly classify employees; and
20	(4) meeting other expenses incurred in carrying out the duties
21	of the department under this chapter.
22	The fund consists of civil penalties collected by the department
23	under this chapter. The fund shall be administered by the
24	department.
25	(b) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
26	money in the fund.
27	(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
28	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
29	manner as other public money may be invested. The interest that
30	accrues from these investments shall be deposited in the fund.
31	(d) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not
32	revert to the state general fund.
33	Sec. 24. IC 22-1-1-18 applies to a violation of this chapter. When
34	it appears to the department that a contractor, an agent of a
35	contractor, or a subcontractor has violated a valid order of the
36	department issued under this chapter, the department may:
37	(1) commence an action through the attorney general; and
38	(2) seek an order from the superior or circuit court in the
39	county in which the contractor or subcontractor does
40	business;
41	mandating the contractor or the subcontractor to obey the order
42	of the department. The failure of the contractor or the



1	subcontractor to obey a court order obtained under this section is
2	contempt of court.
3	Sec. 25. (a) The department shall post a summary of the
4	requirements of this chapter on the Internet web site of the
5	department.
6	(b) After the imposition of a civil penalty under section 20(b) of
7	this chapter, thirty (30) business days after the initiation of the
8	investigation, the department shall place the contractor's or
9	subcontractor's name on a list maintained on the Internet web site
10	of the department. A contract for a public work may not be
11	awarded by a department of the state listed in section 21 of this
12	chapter or a political subdivision to:
13	(1) a contractor or subcontractor whose name appears on the
14	list; or
15	(2) a firm, a corporation, a partnership, or an association in
16	which the contractor or subcontractor has an interest;
17	until four (4) years after the posting of the contractor's or
18	subcontractor's name on the list. If a contractor, agent of the
19	contractor, or subcontractor files a timely petition for review
20	under section 22(b) of this chapter, the contractor's or
21	subcontractor's name shall not be added to the list until the
22	department's determination that the contractor or subcontractor
23	has violated this chapter is final.
24	Sec. 26. (a) It is a violation of this chapter for a contractor, an
25	agent of a contractor, or a subcontractor to retaliate through
26	discharge or in any other manner against a person for exercising
27	a right granted under this chapter.
28	(b) It is a violation of this chapter for a contractor, an agent of
29	a contractor, or a subcontractor to retaliate against a person for:
30	(1) making a complaint to a contractor or an agent of a
31	contractor, to a coworker, to a community organization, to a
32	state or federal agency, or within a public hearing that rights
33	guaranteed under this chapter have been violated;
34	(2) causing a proceeding under or related to this chapter to be
35	instituted; or
36	(3) testifying or preparing to testify in an investigation or
37	proceeding under this chapter.
38	(c) Retaliation through discharge or in any other manner
39	subjects a contractor, an agent of a contractor, or a subcontractor
40	to a private civil action brought by the aggrieved person.
41	(d) In a civil action for unlawful retaliation, the court may
42	award:



1	(1) all legal or equitable relief, or both, as appropriate; and	
2	(2) attorney's fees and costs.	
3	(e) The right of an aggrieved person to bring a civil action under	
4	this section terminates three (3) years after the final date of	
5	performing services for the contractor or subcontractor by the	
6	affected employee. However, the period of limitation established by	
7	this subsection is tolled if the contractor, an agent of the	
8	contractor, or a subcontractor has deterred a person's exercise of	
9	rights under this chapter.	_
0	Sec. 27. A person may not waive any provision of this chapter.	
.1	Sec. 28. All statutory provisions and penalties existing before	
2	July 1, 2010, including fines, that apply to the improper	
3	classification of employees as independent contractors remain in	
4	effect after June 30, 2010.	
5	Sec. 29. A finding made under this chapter:	
6	(1) is for the purpose of enforcing this chapter; and	
7	(2) is not admissible or binding against a party in a	
8	proceeding other than a proceeding under this chapter.	
9	SECTION 5. IC 22-3-5-5.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
0.	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
21	1, 2010]: Sec. 5.7. (a) If the worker's compensation board of	
.2	Indiana discovers that a contractor or subcontractor failed to	
.3	carry worker's compensation insurance or is unable to furnish to	
4	the worker's compensation board satisfactory proof of the	
25	contractor's or subcontractor's financial ability to pay the	
.6	compensation as required under IC 22-3-2-5, section 1 of this	
27	chapter, and IC 22-3-7-34, the contractor or subcontractor is	
8	subject to a civil penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500), to be	T
.9	assessed and collected by the board.	
0	(b) The worker's compensation board may investigate an	
1	allegation of improper classification of an employee as an	
2	independent contractor in violation of IC 22-2-15.	
3	(c) If the worker's compensation board, during its investigation,	
4	determines that a contractor or subcontractor has failed to	
5	properly classify an independent contractor as an employee on a	
6	construction project and the contractor or subcontractor fully	
37	conforms to the decision of the worker's compensation board,	
8	either by:	
9	(1) properly classifying all employees found to be improperly	
10	classified as an independent contractor within seven (7)	
1	business days after notification by the worker's compensation	
12	board of the determination, or	



1	(2) ceasing all work on the construction project within seven
2	(7) business days after notification;
3	the contractor or subcontractor shall be found to be in
4	conformance with the decision of the the worker's compensation
5	board, and no fee or penalty is due.
6	(d) If the worker's compensation board discovers, more than
7	seven (7) business days after notification by the worker's
8	compensation board of the determination under subsection (c), that
9	the contractor or subcontractor continues to improperly classify an
10	employee as an independent contractor, the contractor or
11	subcontractor is subject to a civil penalty of five hundred dollars
12	(\$500) per improperly classified employee, to be assessed and
13	collected by the board.
14	(e) Civil penalties assessed and collected under this section shall
15	be deposited in the worker's compensation supplemental
16	administrative fund established by section 6 of this chapter.
17	SECTION 6. IC 22-3-5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 6. (a) The worker's compensation
19	supplemental administrative fund is established for the purpose of
20	carrying out the administrative purposes and functions of the worker's
21	compensation board. The fund consists of fees collected from
22	employers under sections 1 through 2 of this chapter and from fees
23	collected under IC 22-3-2-14.5, and IC 22-3-7-34.5, and
24	IC 22-3-5-5.7. The fund shall be administered by the worker's
25	compensation board. Money in the fund is annually appropriated to the
26	worker's compensation board and shall be used for all expenses
27	incurred by the worker's compensation board.
28	(b) The money in the fund is not to be used to replace funds
29	otherwise appropriated to the board. Money in the fund at the end of
30	the state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
31	SECTION 7. IC 22-4.1-4-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
32	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
33	1, 2010]: Sec. 5. (a) The department may investigate an allegation
34	of improper classification of an employee as an independent
35	contractor in violation of IC 22-2-15.
36	(b) If the department, during its investigation, determines that
37	a contractor or subcontractor has improperly classified an
38	employee as an independent contractor on a construction project
39	and the contractor or subcontractor fully conforms to the decision
40	of the department, either by:
41	(1) properly classifying all employees found to be improperly
42	classified as an independent contractor within seven (7)



1	business days after notification by the department; or
2	(2) ceasing all work on the construction project within seven
3	(7) business days after the notification;
4	the contractor or subcontractor shall be found to be in
5	conformance with the decision of the department, and no fee or
6	penalty is due.
7	(c) If the department discovers, more than seven (7) business
8	days after notification by the department of the determination
9	under subsection (b) that the contractor or subcontractor
0	continues to improperly classify an employee as an independent
1	contractor, the contractor or subcontractor is subject to a civil
2	penalty of five hundred dollars (\$500) per improperly classified
3	employee, to be assessed and collected by the board.
4	(d) Civil penalties assessed and collected under this section shall
5	be deposited in the fund.
6	SECTION 8. IC 34-11-2-13 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
8	1, 2010]: Sec. 13. (a) This section applies beginning January 1,
9	2011.
0	(b) The definitions in IC 22-2-15 apply throughout this section.
1	(c) A civil action brought by an aggrieved person under
2	IC 22-2-15 must be commenced not later than three (3) years after
3	the final date of performing services for the contractor, as
4	provided in IC 22-2-15-26(e).
5 6	SECTION 9. IC 36-1-12-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.71-2009, SECTION 4, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.99-2009, SECTION 3, IS
7	CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
8	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in this
9	section, this chapter applies to all public work performed or contracted
0	for by:
1	(1) political subdivisions; and
2	(2) their agencies;
3	regardless of whether it is performed on property owned or leased by
4	the political subdivision or agency.
5	(b) This chapter does not apply to an officer or agent who, on behalf
6	of a municipal utility, maintains, extends, and installs services of the
7	utility if the necessary work is done by the employees of the utility.
8	(c) This chapter does not apply to hospitals organized or operated
9	under IC 16-22-1 through IC 16-22-5 or IC 16-23-1, unless the public
0	work is financed in whole or in part with cumulative building fund
1	revenue.
-2	(d) This chapter does not apply to tax exempt Indiana nonprofit



(g) In addition to this chapter, IC 22-2-15 applies to contractors, subcontractors, employees, and independent contractors with respect to construction services performed on public work projects.	4
operating agreement with a political subdivision or an agency of a political subdivision under IC 5-23.	
 (2) Participate in a utility efficiency program or may enter into a guaranteed savings contract as permitted under IC 36-1-12.5. (3) Enter into a project labor agreement. (f) This chapter does not apply to a person that has entered into an 	
(e) As an alternative to this chapter, the governing body of a political subdivision or its agencies may do the following:(1) Enter into a design-build contract as permitted under IC 5-30.	

